

# A Semantic Specification for Data Protection Impact Assessments (DPIA)

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<https://harshp.com/research/presentations>



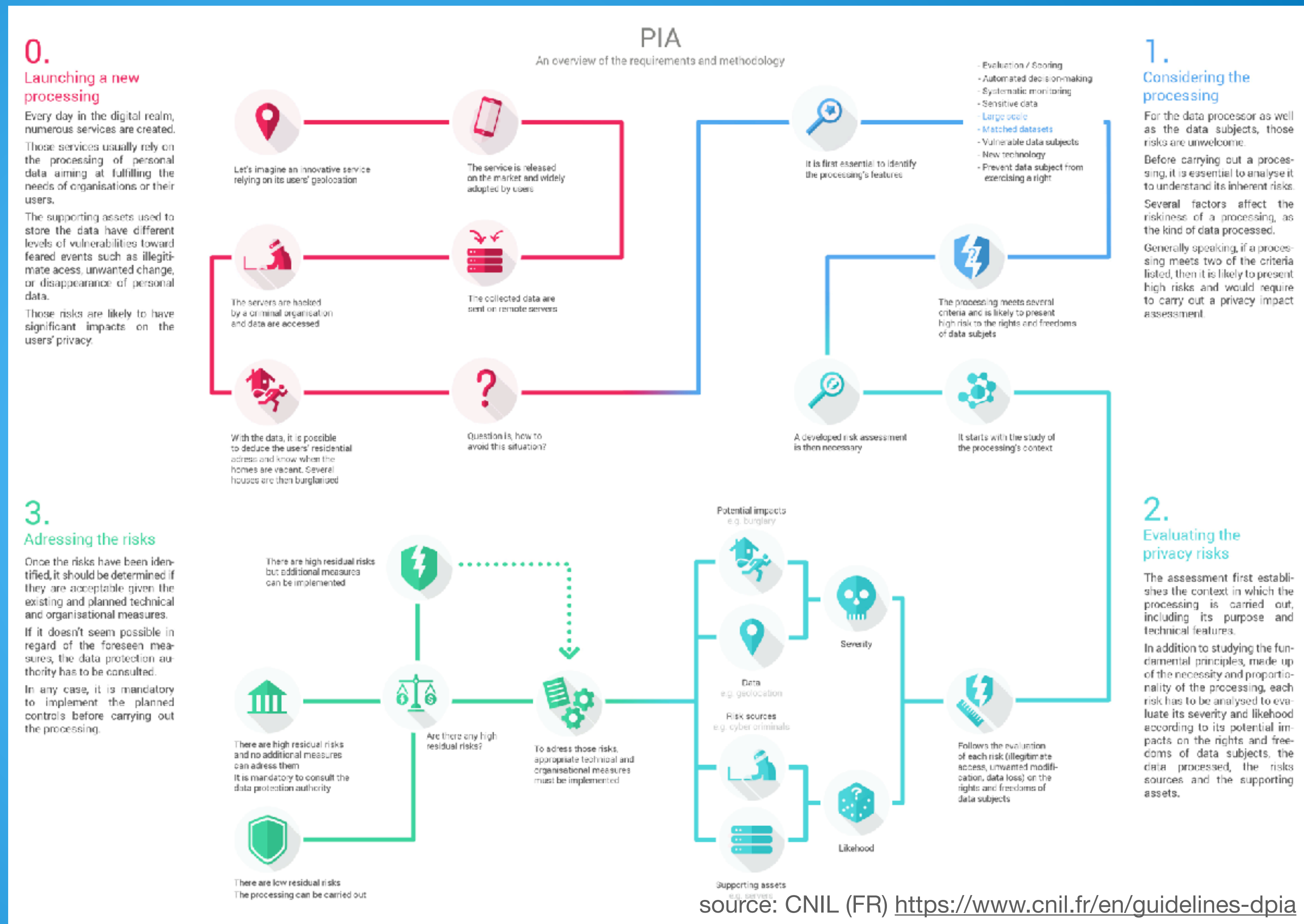


# GDPR & DPIA

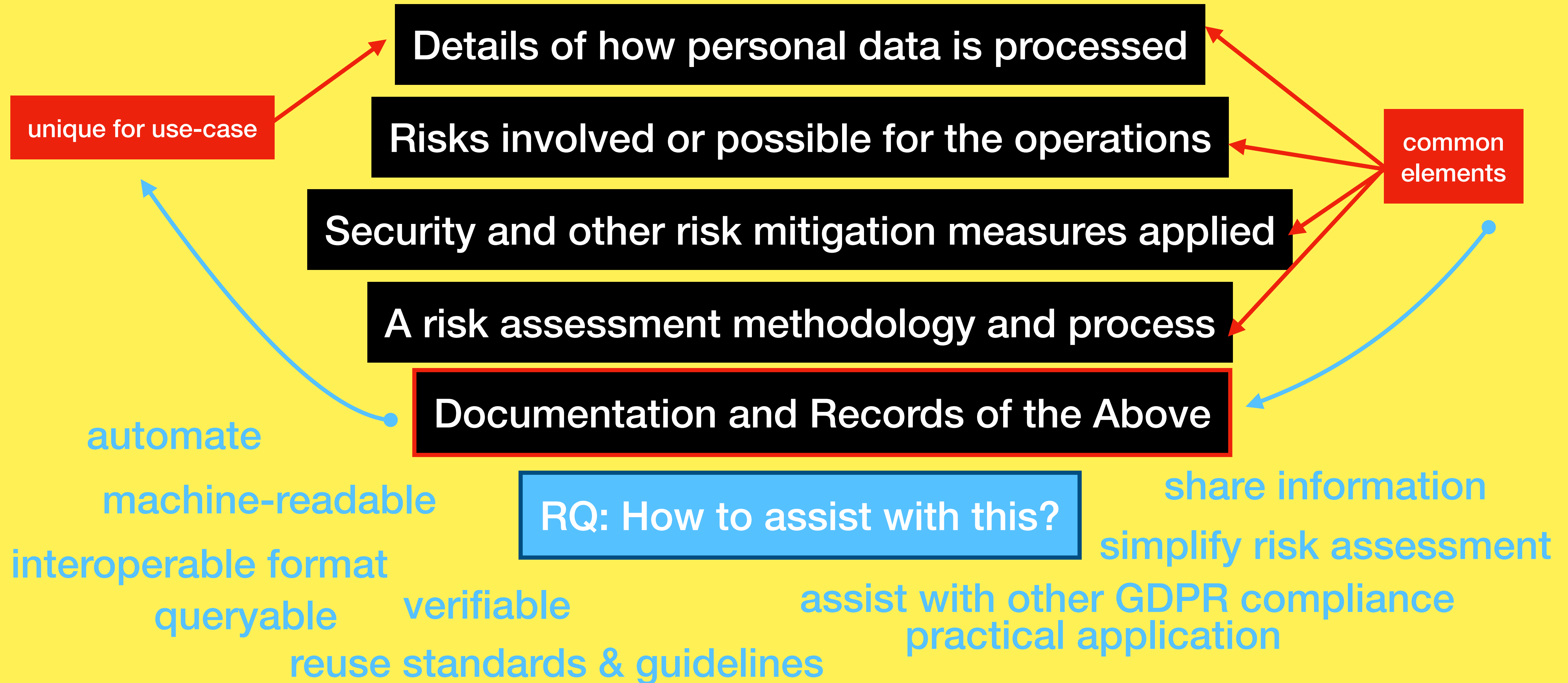
- 1) Art.35 Data Protection Impact Assessments
- 2) Check if there may be high-risk to data subjects
- 3) Risk assessed for/to *rights and freedoms*

## DPIA 3-step Process

- 1) Assess need for DPIA
- 2) Conduct the DPIA
- 3) Change Processing



# To conduct a DPIA, you need:





# Variance in Knowledge

**Guidelines by Data Protection Authorities**  
**GDPR Case Law / Court Arguments and Opinions**  
**Legal Consultancy Reports**  
**DPIAs published in the public domain**  
**ISO 31000 series for Risk Management**  
**FAIR (Factor Analysis of Information Risk)**



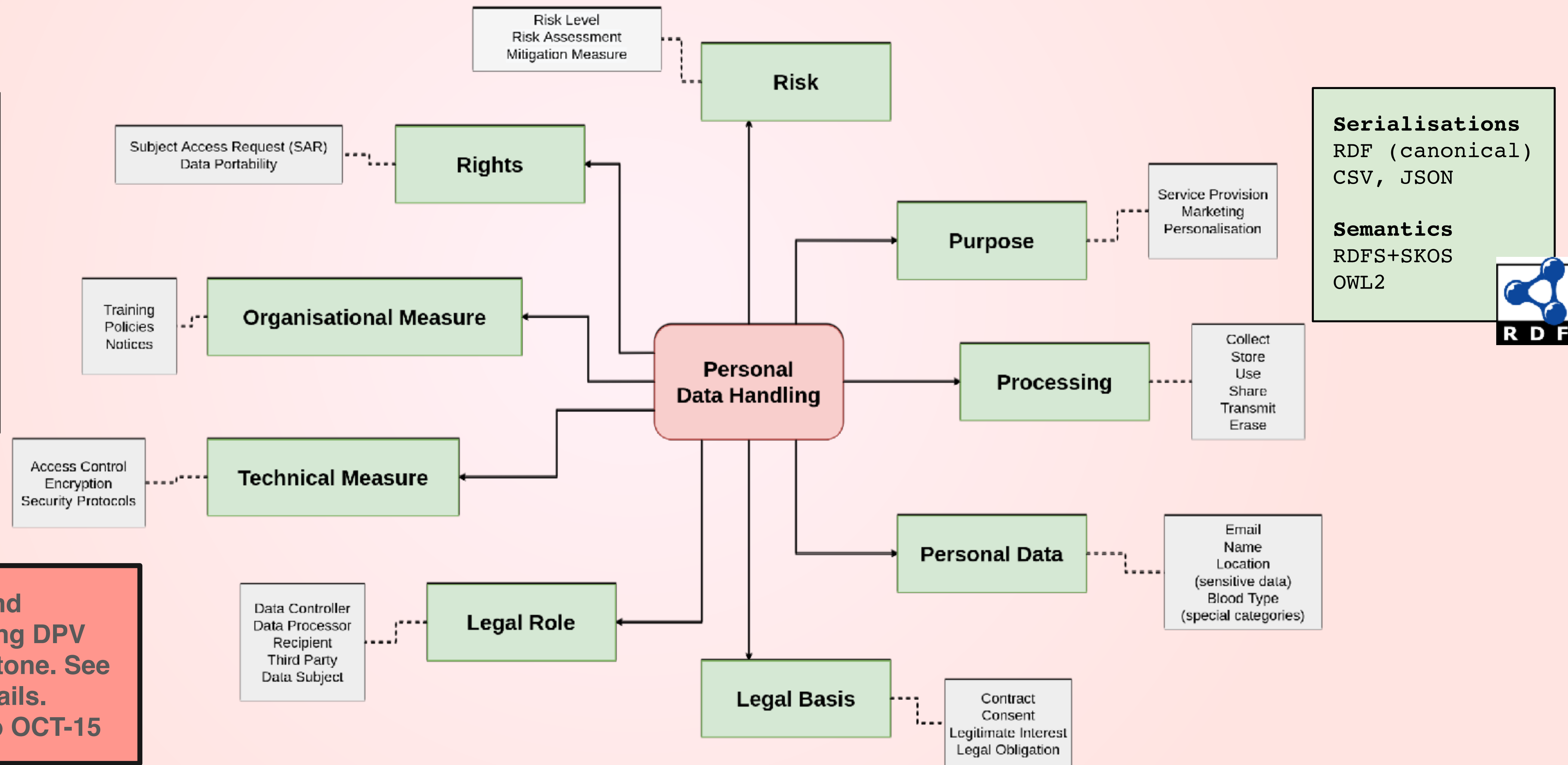
# Data Privacy Vocabulary (DPV)

Description of Personal Data Processing <https://w3id.org/dpv>

## :Taxonomies:

Purpose  
Personal Data  
Processing  
Legal Basis  
Legal Role  
Tech/Org Measures  
Risk  
Rights

We invite comments and feedbacks for publishing DPV v1 - a significant milestone. See DPV spec for more details. Comment period: up to OCT-15



# What was missing?

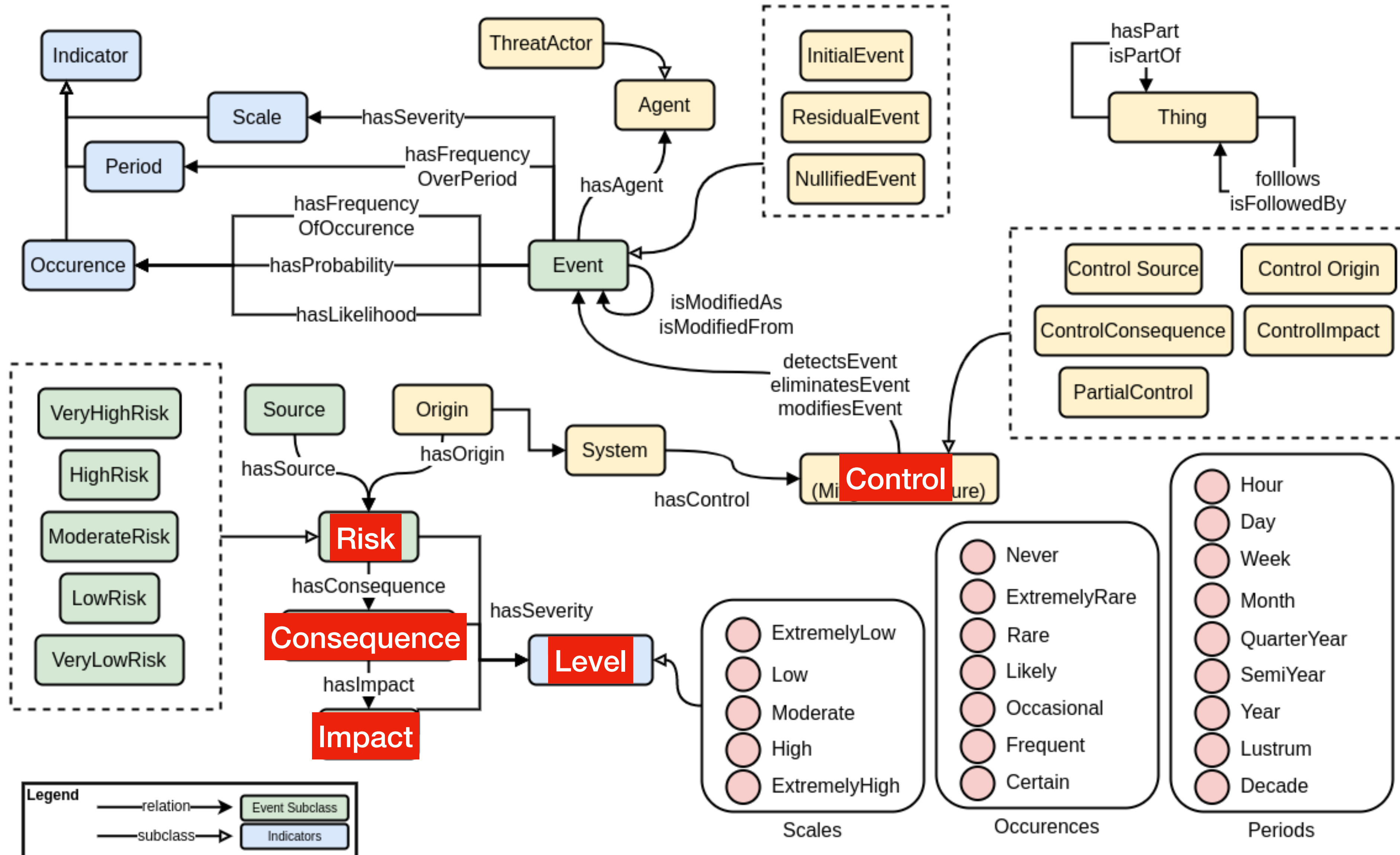
## In DPV and State of the Art

- DPIA considered an isolated process, not part of the larger processing activities and knowledge
- Granularity of DPIA as a process e.g. necessity assessment, risk assessment, changes made to processing
- Recording outcomes of each step
- Concepts required for determining high-risk criteria (e.g. scale of data subjects, volume of data) - and their analysis
- Risk Ontology / Semantic Risk specification





## Risk Ontology based on ISO 31000 series





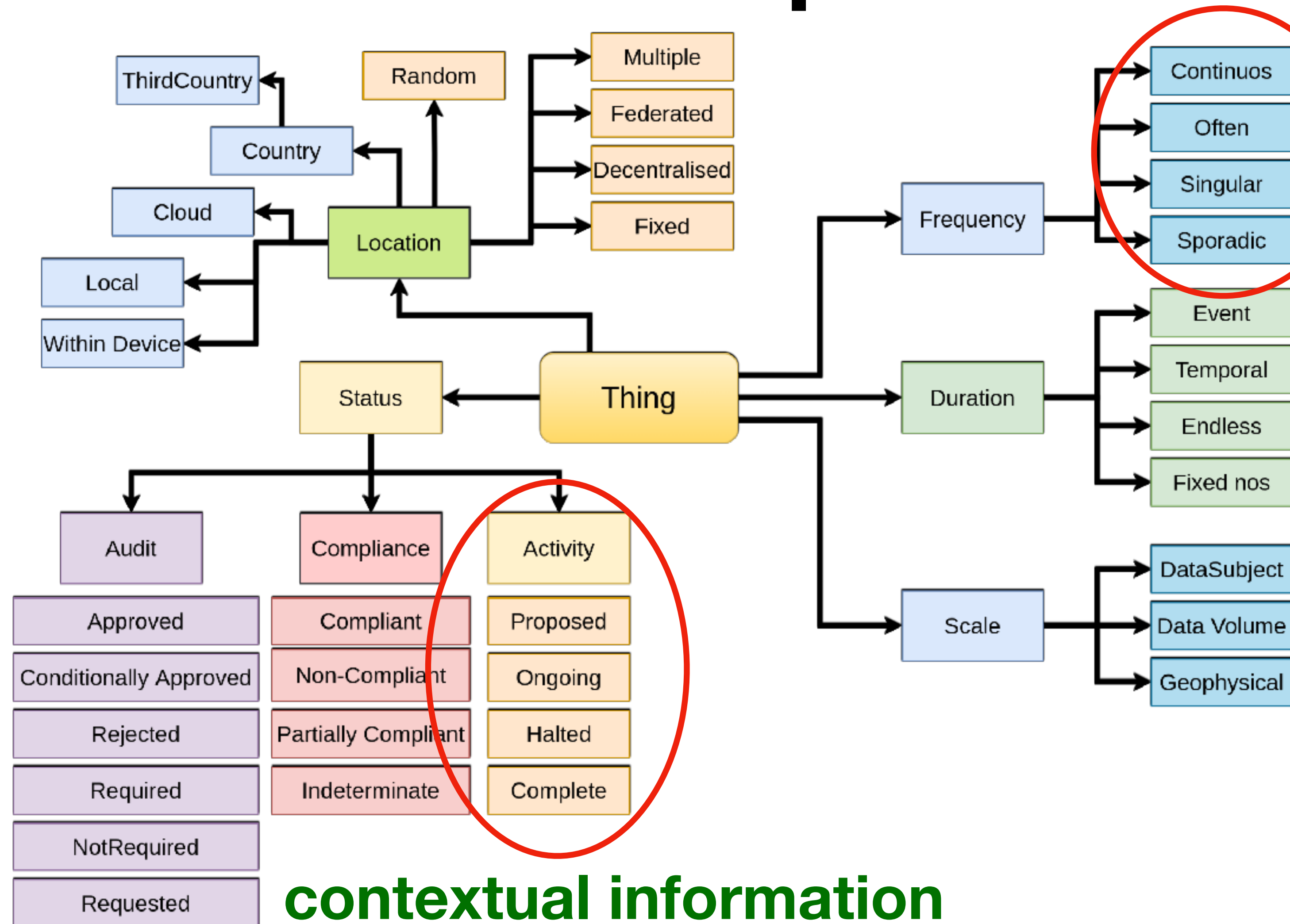
# Risk Frameworks are too diverse for consistency

Challenge: How to create an interoperable ontology?

*this work only focused on GDPR and DPIA*



# Developments made in DPV



**contextual information  
for all kinds of processes and scales**

**risk extension**

<https://w3id.org/dpv/risk>

- Risk Likelihood, Severity
- Risk Levels
- Risk Matrix (3x3, 5x5, 7x7)
- Controls
- Consequences & Impacts
- Assessment methods
- Methodologies



# Applications

- \* CNIL's PIA tool for managing and exporting DPIA data and using “knowledge bases”
- \* Imported DPV and DPIA spec as KB's and reused (semantic) concepts within the PIA tool

## Issues

- \* Difficulties from lack of documentation regarding KBs
- \* No Reasoning component so no semantics advantage

The screenshot displays the CNIL's PIA Software interface. On the left, a sidebar menu for 'ExamplePIA' (based on template: DPV-template, Category 'General') includes sections for CONTEXT, FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES, RISKS, and VALIDATION. The main area is divided into 'Risks' and 'Planned or existing measures'. The 'Risks' section contains a text input field for 'What organisational controls are present regarding Training?' with a placeholder for policies as comma-separated lists. The 'Planned or existing measures' section shows a list of measures: 'Planned or existing measures', 'Illegitimate access to data', 'Unwanted modification of data', 'Data disappearance', and 'Risks overview'. A 'Knowledge base' panel on the right allows users to choose a knowledge base (currently 'Data Privacy Vocabulary v0.6') and displays a list of concepts, including 'Organisational control' (dpv.AccessControlMethod) and 'Definition' (dpv.DPIA). A 'Validate PIA' button is visible at the bottom left.

CNIL's PIA Software <https://www.cnil.fr/en/privacy-impact-assessment-pia>

Another application: Model DPIA documents published by SURF about Zoom, Office 365, Google Apps  
*Issues: lack of structure, no vocabulary for some concepts, complexity of services*



# practicalities

**lack of semantic vocabularies - we need *more metadata***

Next steps: look at ISO standards, specifically the 31K and 27K series, ENISA reports and documents, Germany's Standard Data Protection Model (SDM)

**knowledge representation requires domain experts**

**DPIA information is unstructured, in PDFs (at best), and is *very* difficult to convert into semantic vocabulary**

Next steps: enrich DPV concepts to reflect as much of the real-world as possible, undertake systematic analysis of ALL guidelines from EU DPAs to identify requirements, create an “ideal DPIA specification” and align inputs to that

**shared impact assessments - DPIA, data transfer, etc.**

**risk sources, causes, controls, consequences, impacts are duplicated across *every* impact assessments**

Next steps: create a common template for “impact assessment” and specialise that for specific tasks — also look towards assessments in future regulations



# DPV Specification

<https://w3id.org/dpv>

Github

<https://github.com/w3c/dpv/>

## Joining DPVCG

<https://www.w3.org/community/dpvcg/>

interested? questions? contact at:

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## Data Privacy Vocabulary (DPV)

version 0.8

Draft Community Group Report 26 August 2022

Latest published version:

<https://w3id.org/dpv>

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<https://w3id.org/dpv/dpv-gdpr/dpia>